

Monthly Review of the Texas Economy

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Monthly Review of the Texas Economy—May 2020 By Ali Anari

The Texas economy is suffering from COVID-19 pandemic and low oil prices. The state's economy lost 1,110,600 nonagricultural jobs from April 2019 to April 2020, an annual decline of 8.7 percent, smaller than the nation's employment decline of 12.9 percent (Table 1 and Figure 1). The nongovernment sector lost 1,102,800 jobs, an annual decline of 10.2 percent, also lower than the nation's employment decline of 14.6 percent in the private sector (Table 1).

Texas' seasonally adjusted unemployment rate in April 2020 was 12.8 percent, higher than the 3.5 percent in April 2019. The nation's rate increased from 3.6 to 14.7 percent (Table 1).

Texas Employment Percentage Change by Industry

Table 2 shows Texas industries ranked by employment percentage change from April 2019 to April 2020. All Texas industries except financial activities industry had fewer jobs in April 2020 than in April 2019. Annual job loss rates varied from 0.40 percent in the government sector to 39.29 percent in the state's leisure and hospitality industry. Figures 2 to 13 show trends in employment percentage change by industry.

Texas Job Shares by Industry and the Government Sector

Table 3 shows Texas industries and the state's government sector ranked by their shares of Texas jobs in April 2020. Of the 11,628,000 nonagricultural jobs, the highest percentage of jobs was in the government sector followed by trade, professional and business services, education and health services, manufacturing, and leisure and hospitality. Since April 2019, the government sector; trade; professional and business services; education and health services; manufacturing; financial activities; construction; transportation, warehousing, and utilities, and information have expanded their shares of Texas employment at the expense of leisure and hospitality, other services, and mining and logging. Figures 14 to 25 show trends in shares of total Texas jobs by industry.

Contributions of Texas Industries to Texas Employment Percentage Change

The statewide employment percentage change from April 2019 to April 2020 is the weighted average of employment growth or decline rates of all Texas industries for the period. Weights are shares of jobs by industry. The positive or negative contribution of each industry to the statewide employment percentage change is equal to the employment growth or decline rate in that industry multiplied by its share of Texas jobs. Table 4 shows Texas industries and the state's government sector ranked by their contributions to Texas employment percentage change from April 2019 to April 2020. Financial activities was the state's only industry that had a positive contribution. The rest of the state's industries had negative contributions. Figures 26 to 37 show trends in contributions of Texas industries to Texas job growth or decline rates.

Employment Percentage Changes by Texas Metropolitan Areas

All Texas metros had fewer jobs in April 2020 than in April 2019 (Table 5). Dallas-Plano-Irving had the smallest employment decline followed by College Station-Bryan, Abilene, Sherman-Denison, Killeen-Temple-Fort Hood, McAllen, Amarillo, and Houston. Figures 38 to 63 show trends in annual employment growth or decline rates for the state's metropolitan areas.



Texas Job Shares by Metropolitan Area

Table 6 shows Texas metropolitan areas ranked by their shares of total Texas jobs in April 2020. Houston-The Woodlands-Sugar Land had the largest share of Texas jobs followed by Dallas-Plano-Irving, Austin-Round Rock, San Antonio-New Braunfels, Fort Worth-Arlington, El Paso, and McAllen-Edinburg-Mission. Figures 64 to 89 show trends in metropolitan shares of total Texas jobs.

Contributions of Texas Metropolitan Areas to Texas Employment Percentage Change

The statewide employment percentage change from April 2019 to April 2020 is the weighted average of employment growth or decline rates of all Texas metros for the period. Weights are shares of jobs by area. The positive or negative contribution of each metro to the statewide employment percentage change is equal to the employment growth or decline rate in that area multiplied by its share of Texas jobs. Table 7 shows Texas metros ranked by their contributions to Texas' employment decline from April 2019 to April 2020. Houston-The Woodlands-Sugar Land accounted for the largest percentage of the state's employment decline rate followed by Dallas-Plano-Irving, Fort Worth-Arlington, Austin-Round Rock, San Antonio-New Braunfels, El Paso, Corpus Christi, and McAllen-Edinburg-Mission. Figures 90 to 115 show trends in contributions of Texas metros to total Texas job growth rates.

Unemployment Rate by Metropolitan Area

The state's actual unemployment rate in April 2020 was 13 percent. Amarillo had the lowest unemployment rate followed by Abilene, College Station-Bryan, Lubbock, and Midland (Table 8).

Employment Percentage Changes by Industry in Largest Texas Metropolitan Areas

Table 9 shows annual growth or decline rates of employment by industry in the six largest Texas metropolitan areas from April 2019 to April 2020. The state's leisure and hospitality industry is bearing the brunt of the COVID-19 pandemic in the major metro areas followed by other services and education and health services.



Table 1
Texas and U.S. Labor Markets

			Chang	ge
NonFarm Employment	April 2020	April 2019	Absolute	Percent
Texas	11,628,000	12,738,600	-1,110,600	-8.7
United States	131,045,000	150,492,000	-19,447,000	-12.9
				_
Private Employment	April 2020	April 2019	Absolute	Percent
Texas	9,673,200	10,776,000	-1,102,800	-10.2
United States	109,308,000	127,939,000	-18,631,000	-14.6
	April 2020		Unemployment I	Rate, Percent
Labor Participation	Labor Force	Unemployed	April 2020	April 2019

1,656,638

23,078,000

12.8

14.7

3.5

3.6

Sources: Texas Workforce Commission and U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics

Texas

United States

12,954,396

156,481,000

Table 2
Texas Industries and Government Sector Ranked by Employment Percentage Change
From April 2019 to April 2020

-	1	A mai 1	A mail		
		April	April		
Rank	Industry	2020	2019	Change	%Change
1	Financial Activities	800,300	796,400	3,900	0.49
2	Government	1,954,800	1,962,600	-7,800	-0.40
3	Transportation, Warehousing, Utilities	571,200	575,700	-4,500	-0.78
4	Manufacturing	861,900	904,800	-42,900	-4.74
5	Information	198,500	208,600	-10,100	-4.84
6	Construction	729,000	767,500	-38,500	-5.02
7	Professional and Business Services	1,687,200	1,781,000	-93,800	-5.27
8	Trade	1,796,500	1,927,300	-130,800	-6.79
9	Education and Health Services	1,605,400	1,731,400	-126,000	-7.28
10	Other Services	372,900	443,300	-70,400	-15.88
11	Mining and Logging	209,800	255,500	-45,700	-17.89
12	Leisure and Hospitality	840,500	1,384,500	-544,000	-39.29

Table 3
Texas Industries' and Government's Shares of Employment

		1 2	
		April	April
		2020	2019
Rank	Industry	Percent	Percent
1	Government	16.81	15.41
2	Trade	15.45	15.13
3	Professional and Business Services	14.51	13.98
4	Education and Health Services	13.81	13.59
5	Manufacturing	7.41	7.10
6	Leisure and Hospitality	7.23	10.87
7	Financial Activities	6.88	6.25
8	Construction	6.27	6.02
9	Transportation, Warehousing, Utilities	4.91	4.52
10	Other Services	3.21	3.48
11	Mining and Logging	1.80	2.01
12	Information	1.71	1.64
	Total	100.00	100.00

Note: Components may not add up to totals due to rounding

Table 4
Positive and Negative Contributions of Texas Industries and the Government Sector to Texas Employment Percentage Change

		April	April
		2020	2019
Rank	Industry	Percent	Percent
1	Financial Activities	0.0306	0.1856
2	Transportation, Warehousing, Utilities	-0.0353	0.1454
3	Government	-0.0612	0.1085
4	Information	-0.0793	0.0378
5	Construction	-0.3022	0.2772
6	Manufacturing	-0.3368	0.2523
7	Mining and Logging	-0.3588	0.1109
8	Other Services	-0.5527	0.0868
9	Professional and Business Services	-0.7363	0.4717
10	Education and Health Services	-0.9891	0.3399
11	Trade	-1.0268	0.0498
12	Leisure and Hospitality	-4.2705	0.2957
	Total	-8.7184	2.3616

Sources: Texas Workforce Commission and Real Estate Center at Texas A&M University

Note: Components may not add up to totals due to rounding



Table 5
Texas Metropolitan Areas Ranked by Employment Percentage Change
From April 2019 to April 2020

		Employment Change
Rank	Metropolitan	Percent
1	Dallas-Plano-Irving	-7.3
2	College Station-Bryan	-7.4
3	Abilene	-7.5
4	Sherman-Denison	-7.6
5	Killeen-Temple-Fort Hood	-7.7
6	McAllen-Edinburg-Mission	-8.0
6	Amarillo	-8.0
8	Houston-The Woodlands-Sugar Land	-8.5
	Texas	-8.7
9	San Antonio-New Braunfels	-8.8
10	Tyler	-8.9
11	Austin-Round Rock	-9.2
12	Waco	-9.3
13	Fort Worth-Arlington	-9.9
14	Longview	-10.2
15	Lubbock	-10.3
16	Brownsville-Harlingen	-10.6
17	El Paso	-10.9
18	Texarkana	-11.0
19	Wichita Falls	-11.5
20	Beaumont-Port Arthur	-11.9
21	San Angelo	-12.2
22	Victoria	-12.6
23	Odessa	-13.2
24	Midland	-13.5
25	Laredo	-13.9
26	Corpus Christi	-14.2
	Micropolitan Texas	-7.3



Table 6
Texas Metropolitan and Micropolitan Shares of Total Texas Jobs

	Texas Metropontan and Micropontan Shar	April	April
		2020	2019
Rank	Metropolitan Area	Percent	Percent
1	Houston-The Woodlands-Sugar Land	24.7265	24.6581
2	Dallas-Plano-Irving	21.3201	20.9827
3	Austin-Round Rock	8.6558	8.6972
4	San Antonio-New Braunfels	8.4064	8.4146
5	Fort Worth-Arlington	8.4013	8.5072
6	El Paso	2.4690	2.5309
7	McAllen-Edinburg-Mission	2.1336	2.1172
8	Corpus Christi	1.4310	1.5221
9	Beaumont-Port Arthur	1.2539	1.2992
10	Lubbock	1.1593	1.1799
11	Killeen-Temple-Fort Hood	1.1490	1.1367
12	Brownsville-Harlingen	1.1068	1.1296
13	College Station-Bryan	0.9752	0.9609
14	Waco	0.9598	0.9656
15	Amarillo	0.9537	0.9467
16	Midland	0.8531	0.9004
17	Tyler	0.8385	0.8400
18	Laredo	0.7981	0.8462
19	Longview	0.7731	0.7858
20	Odessa	0.6287	0.6610
21	Abilene	0.5719	0.5644
22	Texarkana	0.4644	0.4765
23	Wichita Falls	0.4515	0.4655
24	Sherman-Denison	0.3870	0.3823
25	San Angelo	0.3775	0.3925
26	Victoria	0.3113	0.3250
	Micropolitan Texas	8.4434	8.3117
	Total	100.0000	100.0000

Sources: Texas Workforce Commission and Real Estate Center at Texas A&M University

Note: Components may not add up to totals due to rounding



Table 7
Positive and Negative Contributions of Texas Metropolitan and Micropolitan Areas to Total Texas Employment Percentage Change

		April	April
Rank	Metropolitan Area	2020	2019
1	Sherman-Denison	-0.0290	0.0096
2	Victoria	-0.0408	-0.0016
3	Abilene	-0.0424	0.0129
4	San Angelo	-0.0479	0.0024
5	Texarkana	-0.0526	0.0088
6	Wichita Falls	-0.0534	-0.0016
7	College Station-Bryan	-0.0707	0.0273
8	Tyler	-0.0746	0.0112
9	Amarillo	-0.0761	0.0104
10	Longview	-0.0801	0.0193
11	Odessa	-0.0871	0.0313
12	Killeen-Temple-Fort Hood	-0.0879	0.0169
13	Waco	-0.0895	0.0193
14	Laredo	-0.1178	0.0265
15	Brownsville-Harlingen	-0.1193	0.0185
16	Lubbock	-0.1217	0.0201
16	Midland	-0.1217	0.0619
18	Beaumont-Port Arthur	-0.1546	0.0153
19	McAllen-Edinburg-Mission	-0.1696	0.0498
20	Corpus Christi	-0.2159	0.0064
21	El Paso	-0.2771	0.0506
22	San Antonio-New Braunfels	-0.7411	0.1286
23	Austin-Round Rock	-0.7960	0.3383
24	Fort Worth-Arlington	-0.8384	0.2137
25	Dallas-Plano-Irving	-1.5214	0.5625
26	Houston-The Woodlands-Sugar Land	-2.0874	0.5898
	Micropolitan Texas	-0.6045	0.1133
	Total	-8.7184	2.3616

Note: Components may not add up to totals due to rounding

Table 8
Texas Metropolitan Areas Ranked by Unemployment Rate
April 2020

Rank	Metropolitan Area	Unemployment Rate, %
1	Amarillo	8.8
2	Abilene	8.9
2	College Station-Bryan	8.9
4	Lubbock	9.9
5	Midland	10.2
6	San Angelo	10.6
6	Sherman-Denison	10.6
6	Waco	10.6
9	Killeen-Temple-Fort Hood	11.3
9	Wichita Falls	11.3
11	Austin-Round Rock	12.2
11	Tyler	12.2
13	Longview	12.3
14	Dallas-Plano-Irving	12.6
	Texas	13.0
15	Fort Worth-Arlington	13.1
16	San Antonio-New Braunfels	13.2
17	Odessa	13.5
18	Laredo	13.6
19	Texarkana	13.8
20	Houston-The Woodlands-Sugar Land	14.2
20	Victoria	14.2
22	El Paso	14.8
23	Corpus Christi	15.9
24	Brownsville-Harlingen	17.1
25	Beaumont-Port Arthur	18.1
26	McAllen-Edinburg-Mission	18.2

Table 9
Employment Growth or Decline Rates by Industry in Largest Texas Metropolitan Areas
Annual Percentage Change from April 2019 to April 2020

Largest Texas Metropolitan Areas Houston Dallas San Antonio Fort Worth El Paso Industry: Austin Mining and Construction -10.77 1.68 0.30 -6.48 6.23 -3.61 Manufacturing -7.33 -1.03 -3.53 -7.55 -7.06 0.80 -3.98 -2.46 -5.76 Trade, Transportation and Utilities -1.66 -3.57 -3.71Information -7.38 -0.42-7.80 -10.28 -5.21 -2.17Financial Activities -1.823.29 -1.07 0.00 6.00 2.31 **Professional and Business Services** -2.61 -5.97 -7.43 -6.42 0.05 -10.56 **Education and Health Services** -8.84 -8.87 -8.97 -11.59 -13.90 -4.84 Leisure and Hospitality -35.42 -38.28 -40.33 -41.17 -48.26 -53.00 Other Services -13.49 -12.84 -16.07 -13.90 -25.37 -31.11 Government -0.60-0.620.86 -0.29 -2.87 -0.14

Figure 1
Nonfarm Employment Growth Rates for Texas and United States

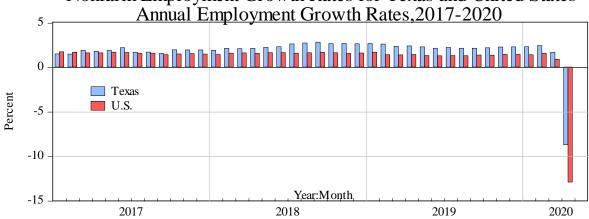
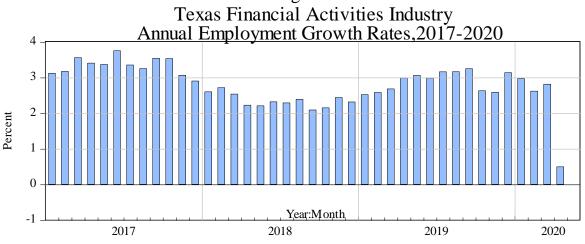


Figure 2



Sources: Texas Workforce Commission and Real Estate Center at Texas A&M University

Figure 3

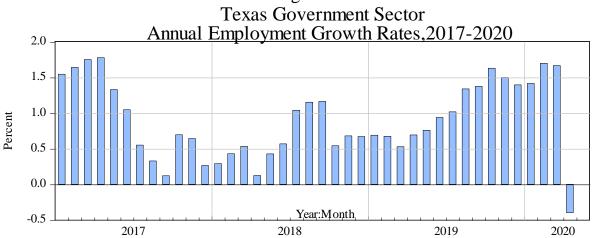
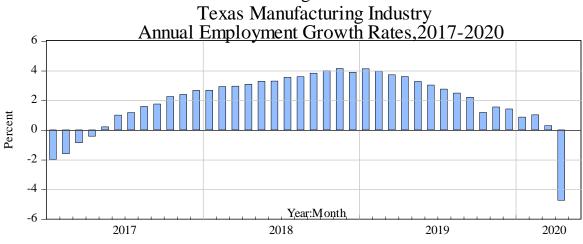




Figure 4



Figure 5



Sources: Texas Workforce Commission and Real Estate Center at Texas A&M University

Figure 6

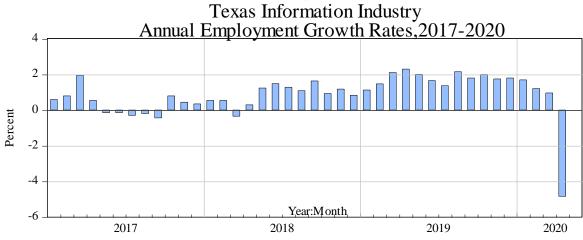




Figure 7
Texas Construction Industry
Annual Employment Growth Rates, 2017-2020

4
4
8
2017
2018
2019
2020

Sources: Texas Workforce Commission and Real Estate Center at Texas A&M University

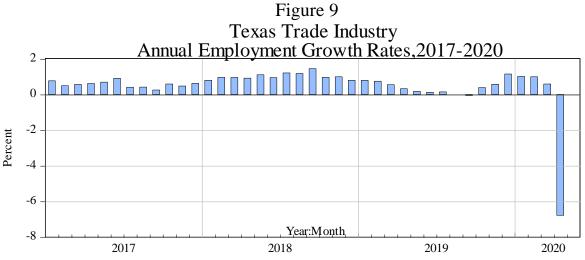




Figure 10
Texas Education and Health Services Industry
Annual Employment Growth Rates, 2017-2020

Year:Month

2019

2020

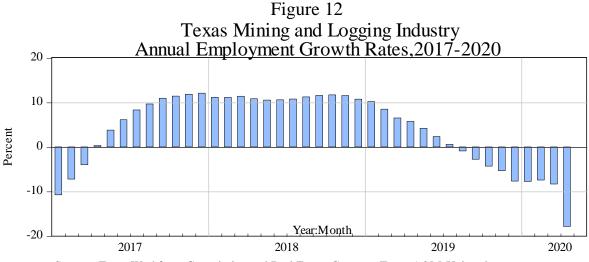
Sources: Texas Workforce Commission and Real Estate Center at Texas A&M University

2018

Figure 11
Texas Other Services Industry
Annual Employment Growth Rates, 2017-2020

-5
-10
-15
-20
2017
2018
2019
2020

Sources: Texas Workforce Commission and Real Estate Center at Texas A&M University



Sources: Texas Workforce Commission and Real Estate Center at Texas A&M University



Percent

2017

Figure 13

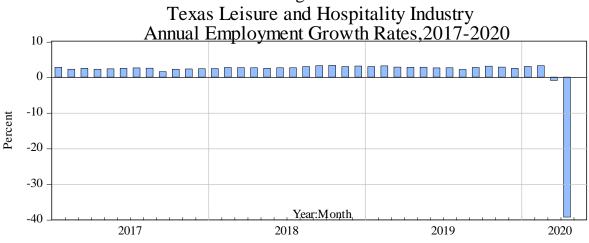
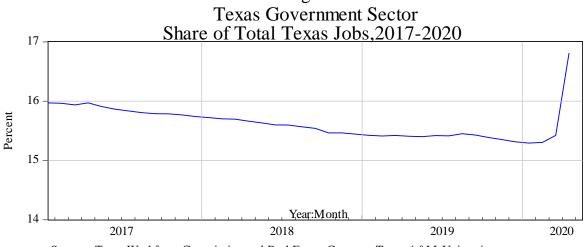


Figure 14



Sources: Texas Workforce Commission and Real Estate Center at Texas A&M University

Figure 15
Teyas Trade Indu





Figure 16
Texas Professional and Business Services Industry
Share of Total Texas Jobs.2017-2020

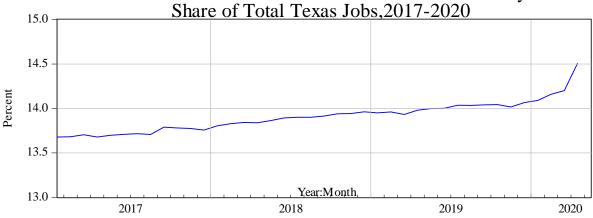


Figure 17
Texas Education and Health Services Industry
Share of Total Toxas John 2017, 2020



Sources: Texas Workforce Commission and Real Estate Center at Texas A&M University

Figure 18
Texas Manufacturing Industry
Share of Total Texas Jobs, 2017-2020

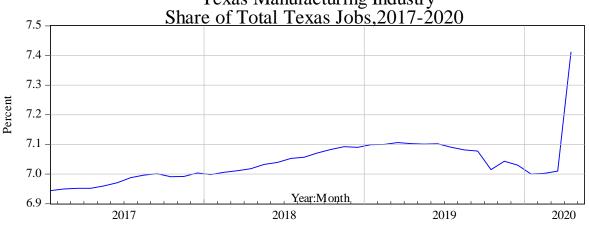




Figure 19 Texas Leisure and Hospitality Industry Share of Total Texas Jobs,2017-2020

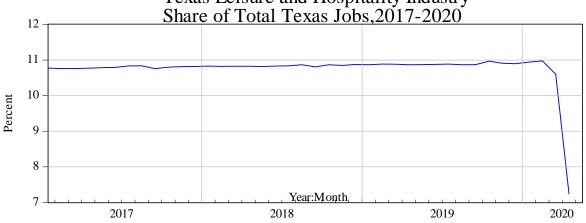
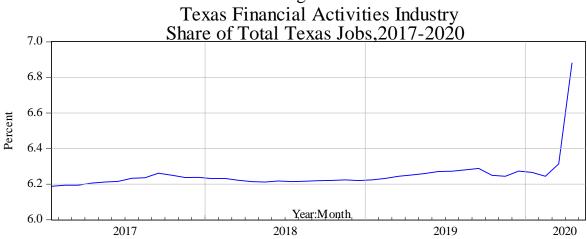


Figure 20



Sources: Texas Workforce Commission and Real Estate Center at Texas A&M University

Figure 21

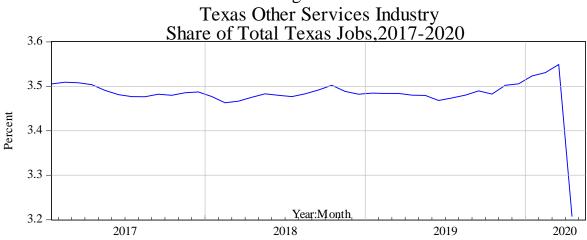




Figure 22 Texas Transportation, Utilities, Warehousing Industry Share of Total Texas Jobs,2017-2020



Figure 23



Sources: Texas Workforce Commission and Real Estate Center at Texas A&M University

Figure 24

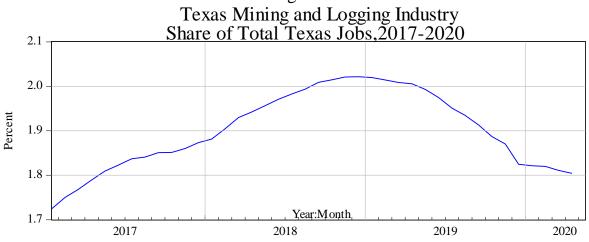
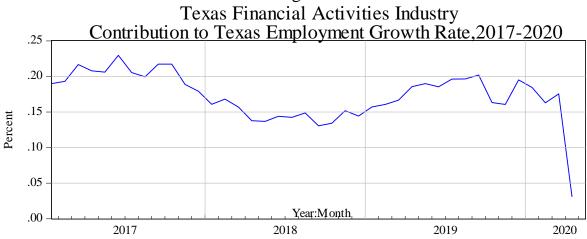




Figure 25
Texas Information Industry

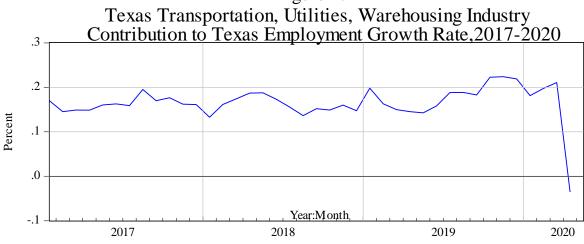


Figure 26



Sources: Texas Workforce Commission and Real Estate Center at Texas A&M University

Figure 27





Sources: Texas Workforce Commission and Real Estate Center at Texas A&M University

Figure 31

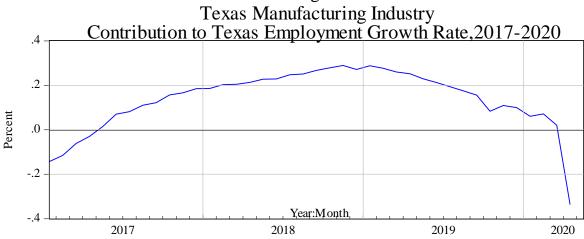
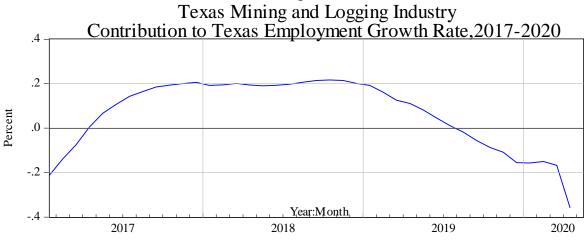


Figure 32



Sources: Texas Workforce Commission and Real Estate Center at Texas A&M University

Figure 33

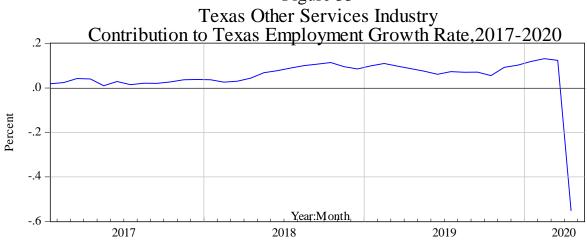




Figure 34

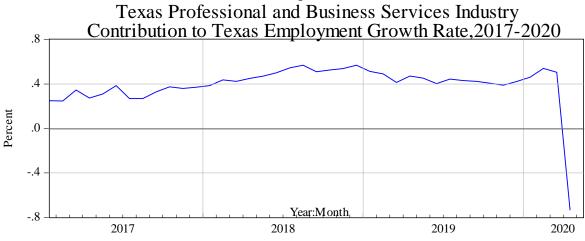
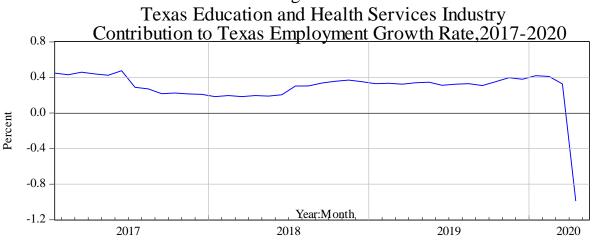


Figure 35



Sources: Texas Workforce Commission and Real Estate Center at Texas A&M University

Figure 36 Texas Trade Industry

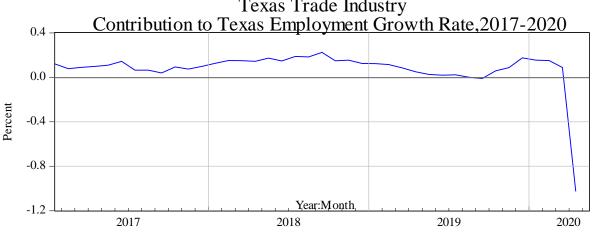




Figure 37
Texas Leisure and Hospitality Industry

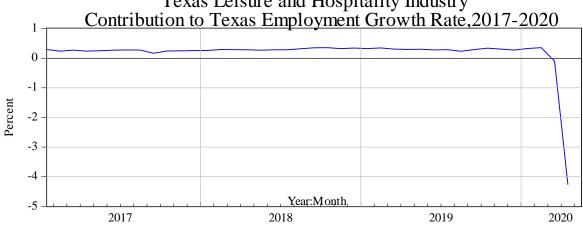
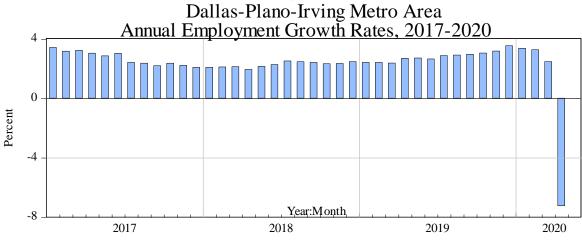


Figure 38



Sources: Texas Workforce Commission and Real Estate Center at Texas A&M University

Figure 39

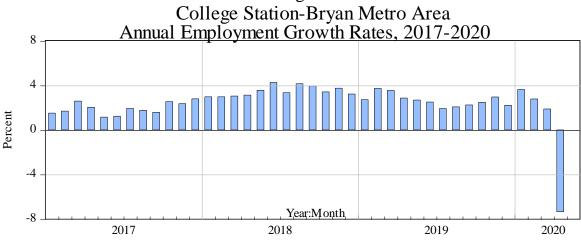




Figure 40 Abilene Metro Area

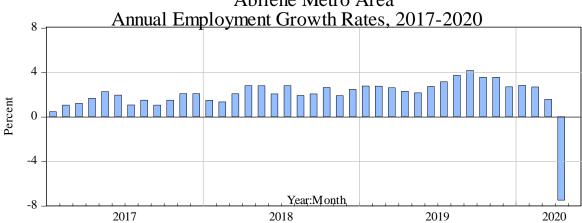


Figure 41

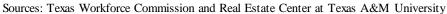


Sources: Texas Workforce Commission and Real Estate Center at Texas A&M University

Figure 42







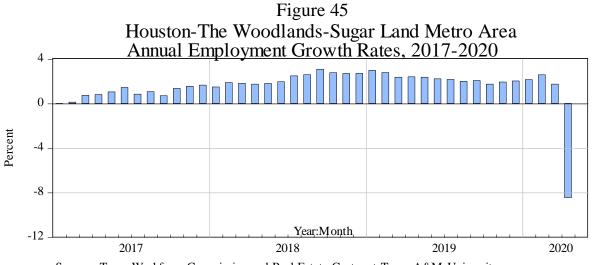




Figure 46 San Antonio-New Braunfels Metro Area

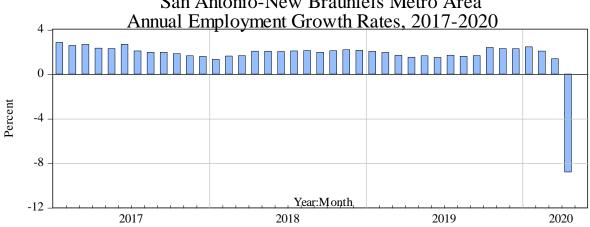
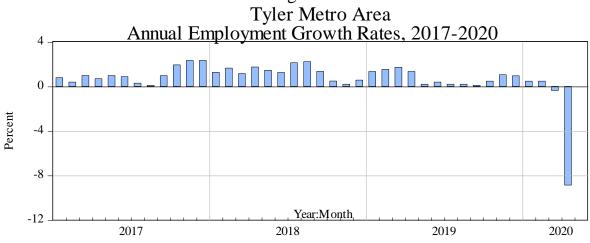


Figure 47



Sources: Texas Workforce Commission and Real Estate Center at Texas A&M University

Figure 48

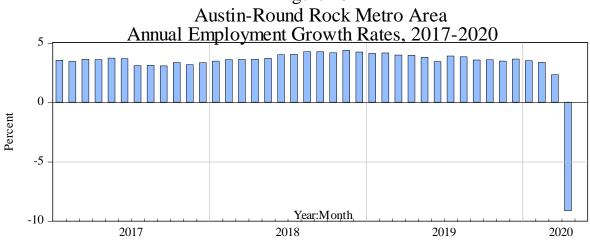




Figure 49 Waco Metro Area

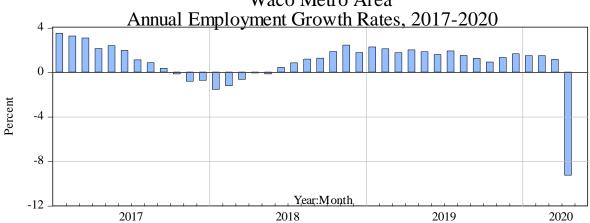
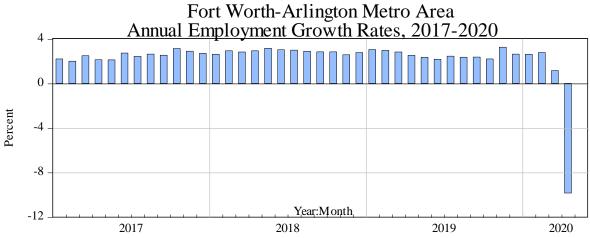


Figure 50



Sources: Texas Workforce Commission and Real Estate Center at Texas A&M University

Longview Metro Area
Annual Employment Growth Rates, 2017-2020

Figure 51

Year:Month
2017
2018
2019
2020
Sources: Texas Workforce Commission and Real Estate Center at Texas A&M University



0

-8

-12

Percent

Figure 52 Lubbock Metro Area

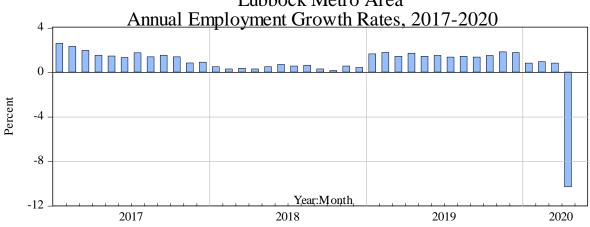
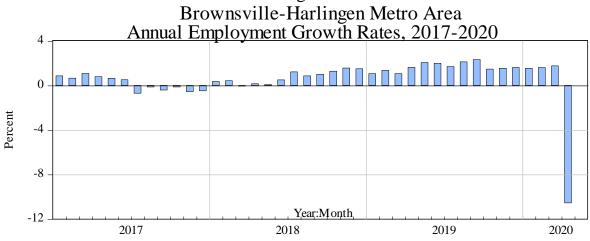


Figure 53



Sources: Texas Workforce Commission and Real Estate Center at Texas A&M University

Figure 54 El Paso Metro Area

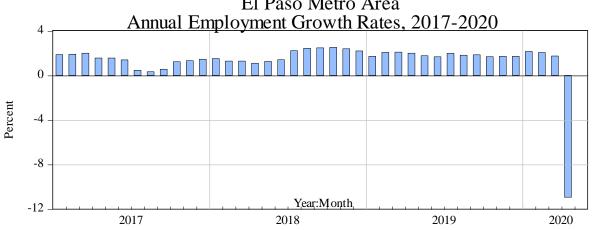




Figure 55 Texarkana Metro Area

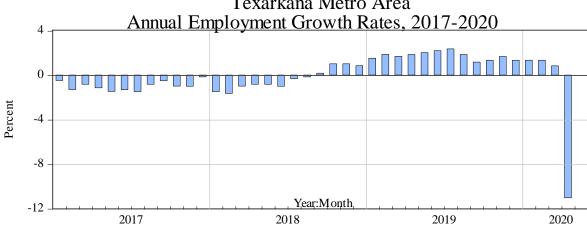
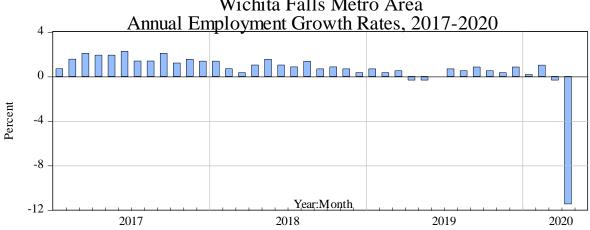


Figure 56 Wichita Falls Metro Area



Sources: Texas Workforce Commission and Real Estate Center at Texas A&M University

Figure 57

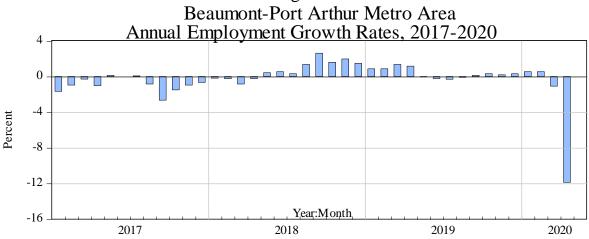
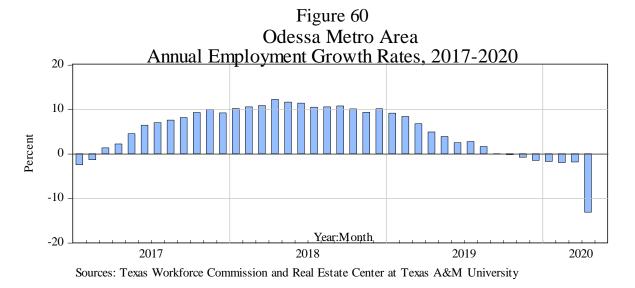




Figure 58
San Angelo Metro Area
Annual Employment Growth Rates, 2017-2020

Year:Month

Sources: Texas Workforce Commission and Real Estate Center at Texas A&M University



Real Estate Center

-16

2020

Figure 61
Midland Metro Area
Annual Employment Growth Rates, 2017-2020

10
10
10
10
10
10
10
2017
2018
2019
2020

Figure 62
Laredo Metro Area
Annual Employment Growth Rates, 2017-2020

-5
-10
-15
-10
-15
-2017
-2018
-2019
-2020

Sources: Texas Workforce Commission and Real Estate Center at Texas A&M University

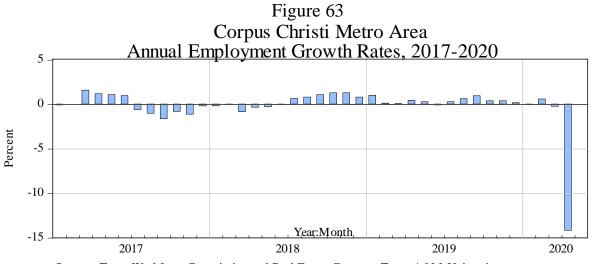
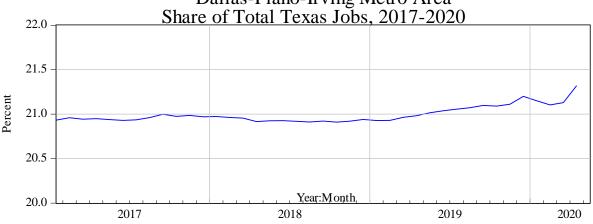




Figure 64
Houston-The Woodlands-Sugar Land Metro Area
Share of Total Texas Jobs, 2017-2020



Figure 65
Dallas-Plano-Irving Metro Area



Sources: Texas Workforce Commission and Real Estate Center at Texas A&M University

Figure 66
Austin-Round Rock Metro Area

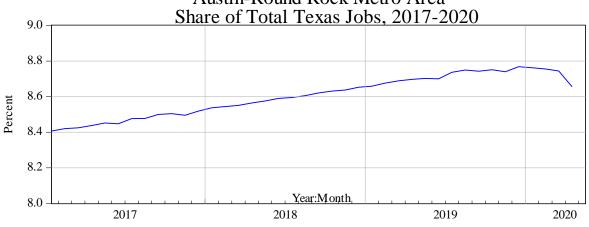




Figure 67 San Antonio-New Braunfels Metro Area

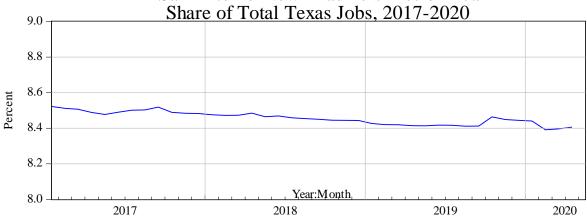
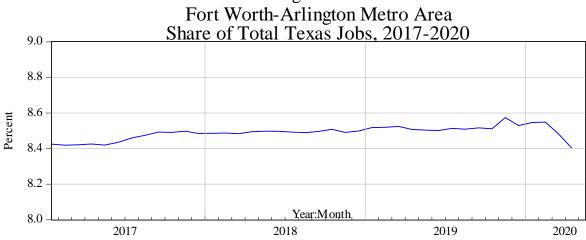


Figure 68



Sources: Texas Workforce Commission and Real Estate Center at Texas A&M University

Figure 69 El Paso Metro Area

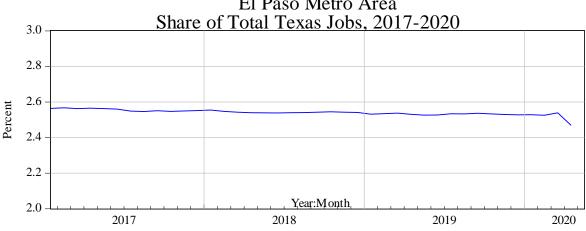
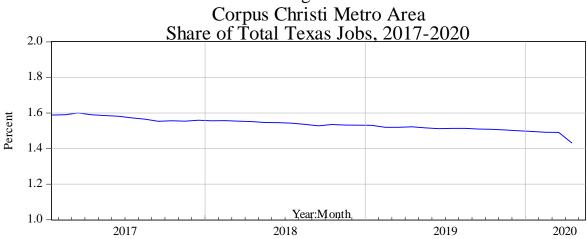




Figure 70 McAllen-Edinburg-Mission Metro Area Share of Total Texas Jobs, 2017-2020



Figure 71



Sources: Texas Workforce Commission and Real Estate Center at Texas A&M University

Figure 72 Beaumont-Port Arthur Metro Area

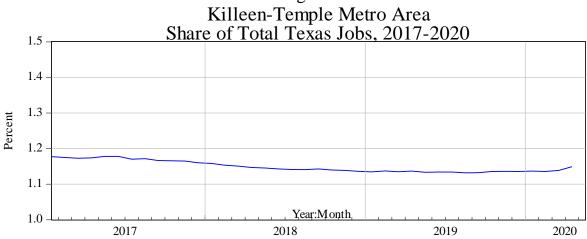




Figure 73 Lubbock Metro Area



Figure 74



Sources: Texas Workforce Commission and Real Estate Center at Texas A&M University

Figure 75 Brownsville-Harlingen Metro Area

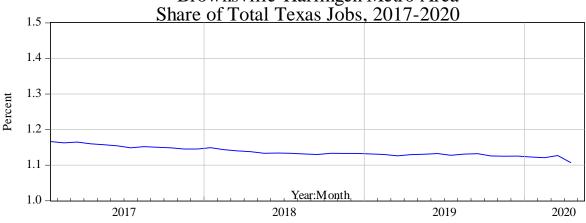




Figure 76
College Station-Bryan Metro Area
Share of Total Texas Jobs, 2017-2020

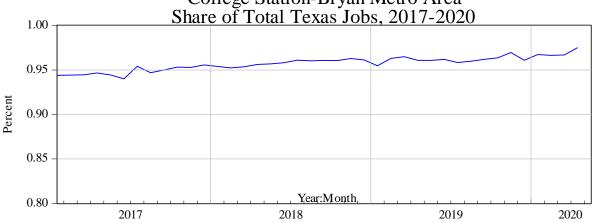
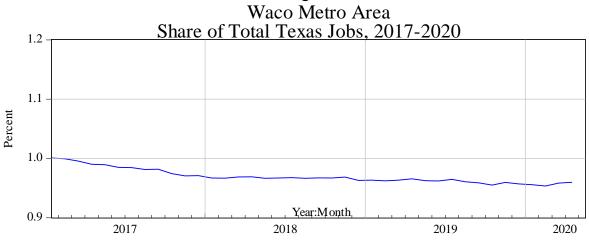


Figure 77



Sources: Texas Workforce Commission and Real Estate Center at Texas A&M University

Figure 78 Amarillo Metro Area

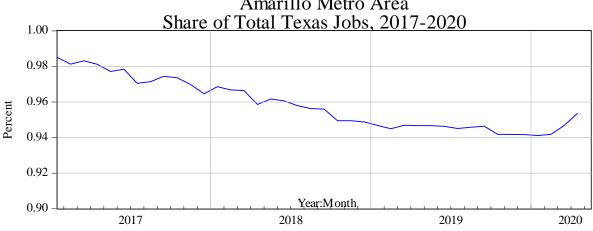




Figure 79 Midland Metro Area



Figure 80



Sources: Texas Workforce Commission and Real Estate Center at Texas A&M University

Figure 81 Laredo Metro Area

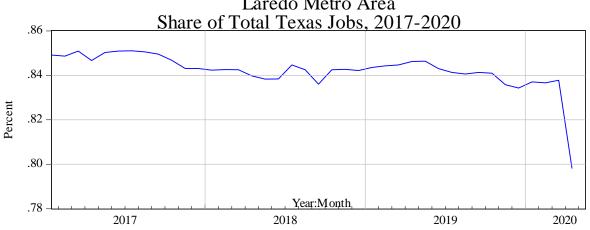




Figure 82

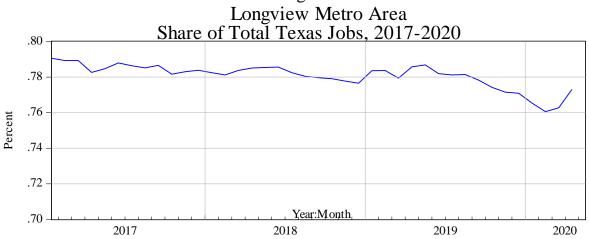
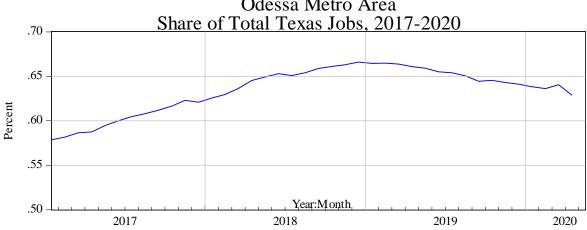


Figure 83 Odessa Metro Area



Sources: Texas Workforce Commission and Real Estate Center at Texas A&M University

Figure 84 Abilene Metro Area

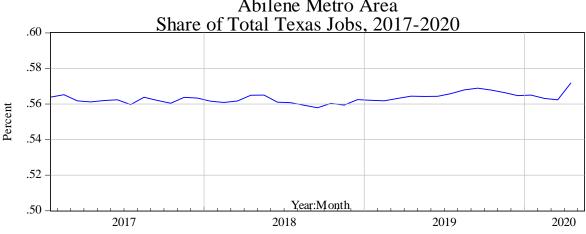




Figure 85
Texarkana Metro Area

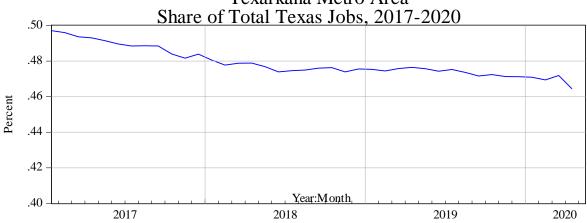


Figure 86 Wichita Falls Metro Area



Sources: Texas Workforce Commission and Real Estate Center at Texas A&M University

Figure 87
Sherman-Denison Metro Area

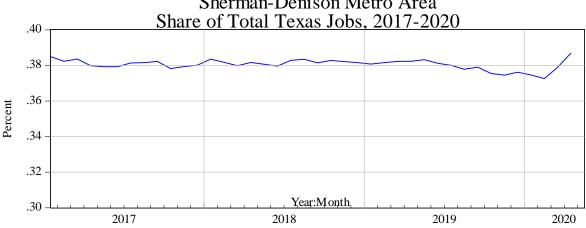




Figure 88

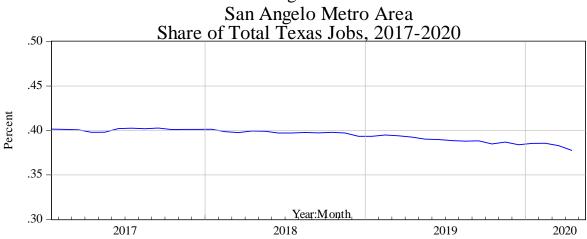
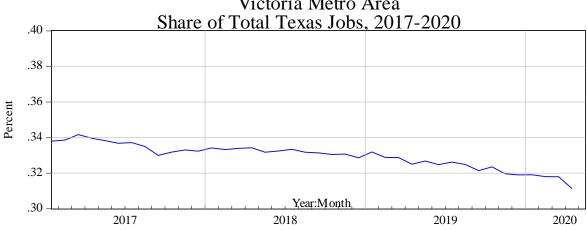
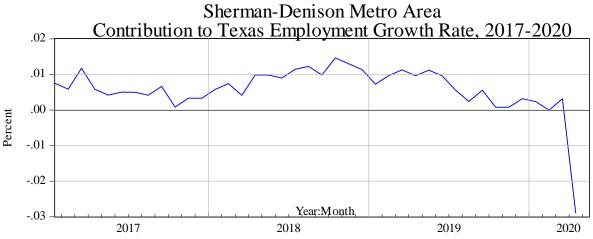


Figure 89 Victoria Metro Area



Sources: Texas Workforce Commission and Real Estate Center at Texas A&M University

Figure 90





Victoria Metro Area
Contribution to Texas Employment Growth Rate, 2017-2020

-.02
-.04
-.04
-.06

2018

2019

2020

2017

Abilene Metro Area
Contribution to Texas Employment Growth Rate, 2017-2020

-.02
-.04
-.06

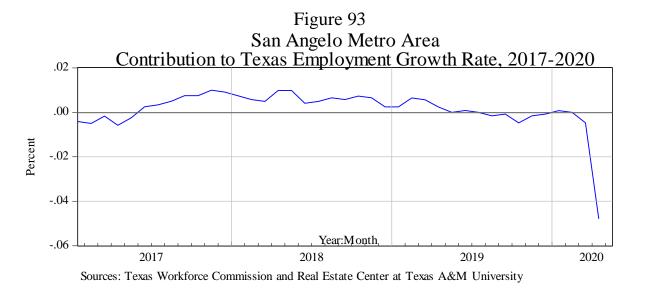
Z017

Z018

Z019

Z020

Sources: Texas Workforce Commission and Real Estate Center at Texas A&M University



Real Estate Center

Figure 94
Tevarkana Meta

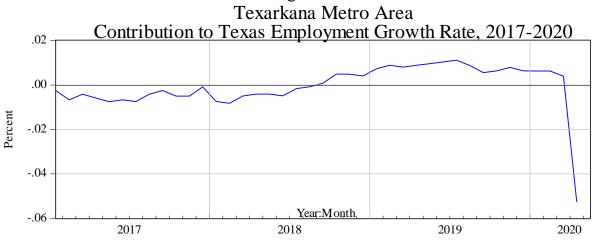
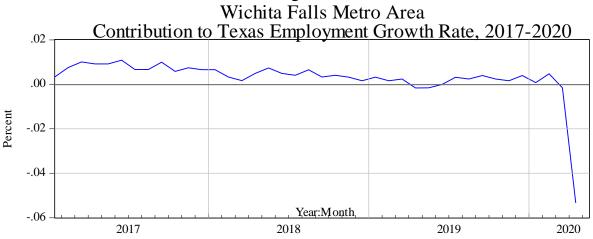


Figure 95



Sources: Texas Workforce Commission and Real Estate Center at Texas A&M University

Figure 96

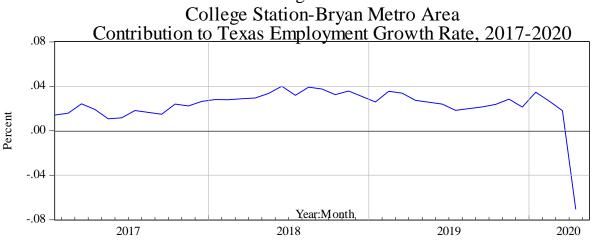




Figure 97

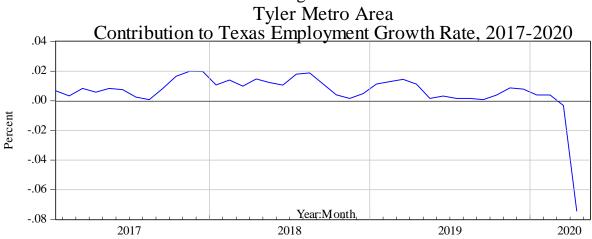
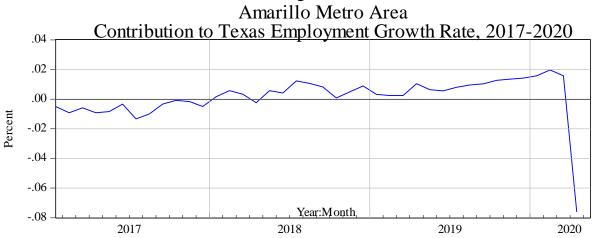


Figure 98



Sources: Texas Workforce Commission and Real Estate Center at Texas A&M University

Figure 99

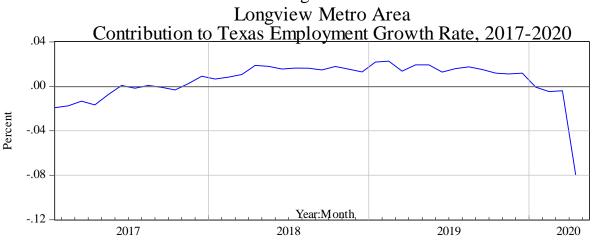
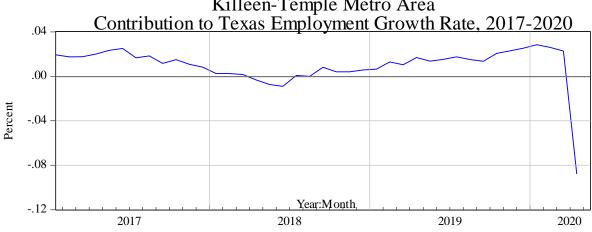




Figure 100 Odessa Metro Area



Figure 101 Killeen-Temple Metro Area



Sources: Texas Workforce Commission and Real Estate Center at Texas A&M University

Figure 102

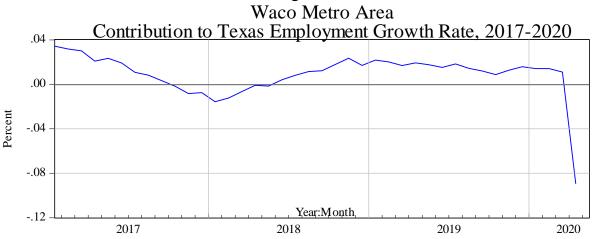




Figure 103 Laredo Metro Area

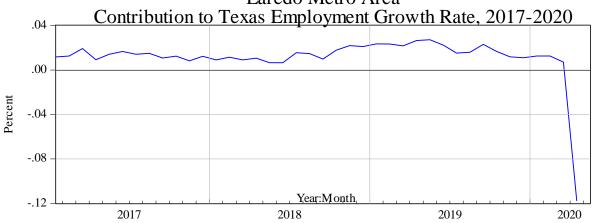
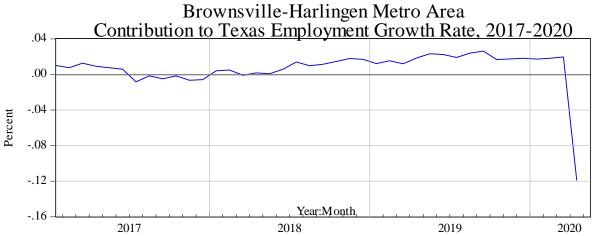


Figure 104



Sources: Texas Workforce Commission and Real Estate Center at Texas A&M University

Figure 105

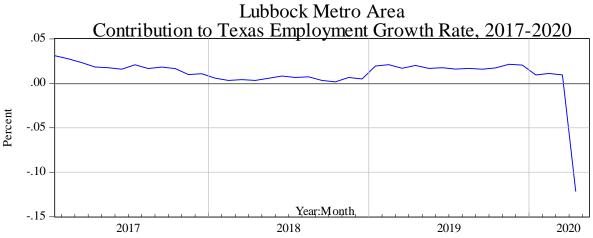
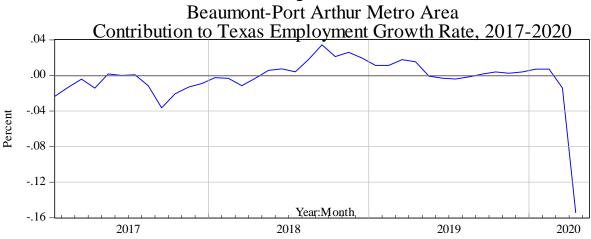




Figure 106 Midland Metro Area

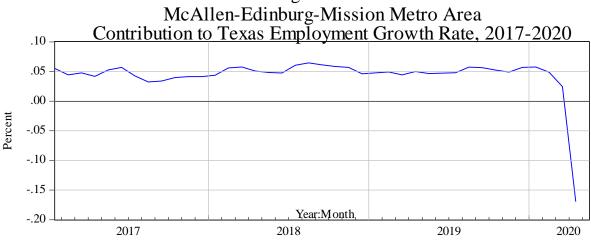


Figure 107



Sources: Texas Workforce Commission and Real Estate Center at Texas A&M University

Figure 108





Corpus Christi Metro Area
Contribution to Texas Employment Growth Rate, 2017-2020

-.05
-.10
-.15
-.20
-.25

2017

2018

2019

2020

Sources: Texas Workforce Commission and Real Estate Center at Texas A&M University

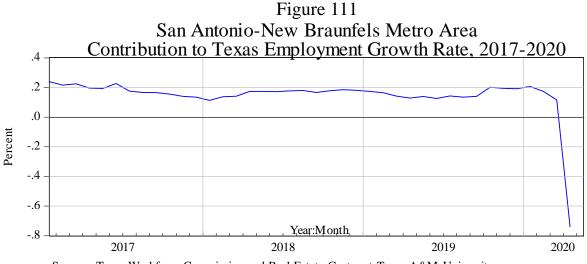




Figure 112
Austin-Round Rock N

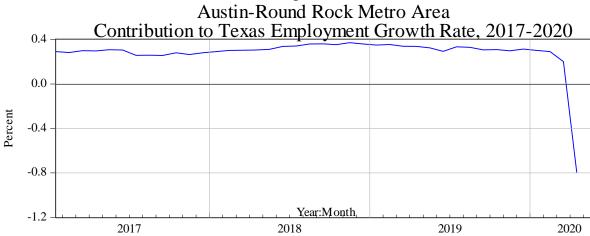
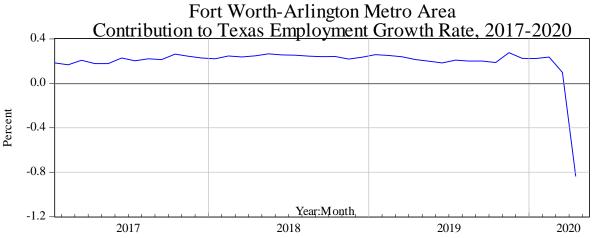


Figure 113



Sources: Texas Workforce Commission and Real Estate Center at Texas A&M University

Figure 114

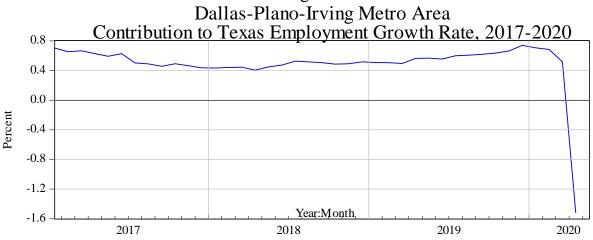




Figure 115
Houston-The Woodlands-Sugar Land Metro Area
Contribution to Texas Employment Growth Rate, 2017-2020

Year:Month
2017
2018
2019
2020



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